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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
10					
11	Michael Krause,		No. 1:21-cv-01706	-KJM-SAB	
12	Plaintif	f,	ORDER		
13	V.				
14	Tara Krause,				
15	Defend	ant.			
16					
17	Plaintiff's motion for reconsideration is before the court. Mot., ECF No. 112. Plaintiff				
18	seeks reconsideration of the prior district judge's adoption of the magistrate judge's findings and				
19	recommendations. Adoption Order, ECF No. 109. Defendant filed a response, which this court				
20	construes as an opposition, to plaintiff's motion. Response, ECF No. 116. For the following				
21	reasons and for the reasons explained in this court's previous order granting attorneys' fees, ECF				
22	No. 122, plaintiff's motion for reconsideration is <b>denied.</b>				
23	Local Rule 230(j) governs motions for reconsideration. In pertinent part, a party seeking				
24	reconsideration must: "set[] forth the material facts and circumstances surrounding [the] motion				
25	including: what new or different facts or circumstances are claimed to exist which did not				
26	exist or were not shown upon such prior motion, or what other grounds exist for the motion."				
27	L.R. 230(j)(3). "[A] motion for reconsideration should not be granted, absent highly unusual				
28	circumstances, unless the district	court is presented	with newly discovered	ed evidence, committed	
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	clear error, or if there is an intervening change in the controlling law." Marlyn Nutraceuticals,
	Inc. v. Mucos Pharma GmbH & Co., 571 F.3d 873, 880 (9th Cir. 2009) (internal quotation marks
	omitted and alteration in original). It is not an abuse of discretion to deny a motion for
	reconsideration where the underlying order is merely "erroneous," rather than "clearly
	erroneous." McDowell v. Calderon, 197 F.3d 1253, 1255 n.4 (9th Cir. 1999). "Mere doubts or
	disagreement about the wisdom of a prior decision will not suffice To be clearly
	erroneous, a decision must [be] more than just maybe or probably wrong; it must be dead
	wrong." Campion v. Old Repub. Home Prot. Co., Inc., No. 09-748, 2011 WL 1935967, at *1
	(S.D. Cal. May 20, 2011) (quoting <i>Hopwood v. State of Tex.</i> , 236 F.3d 256, 273 (5th Cir. 2000));
	see also Oto v. Metro. Life Ins. Co., 224 F.3d 601, 606 (7th Cir. 2000) (movant must demonstrate
	a "wholesale disregard, misapplication, or failure to recognize controlling precedent").
	Plaintiff's motion does not include any "new or different facts or circumstances [that] are
	claimed to exist which did not exist or were not shown upon such prior motion." L.R. 230(j)(3).
	Instead, the motion attempts to relitigate various parts of the record already addressed in detail by
	the magistrate judge and previously assigned district judge in her order of adoption. To the exten
	plaintiff argues the finding and recommendations failed to identify the responsible attorneys and
	is thereby procedurally flawed, the court disagrees and addressed this argument in its own order
	awarding attorneys' fees and costs. Order (Apr. 23, 2025) at 7–8, ECF No. 122.

For the foregoing reasons, plaintiff has not provided justification for the court to depart from the prior order. The motion for reconsideration, ECF No. 112, is **denied**.

This order resolves ECF No. 112.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: May 6, 2025.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE